

**FOR THE JUDICIAL COUNCIL
OF THE ELEVENTH CIRCUIT**

11-20-90075

**FILED
ELEVENTH CIRCUIT
JUDICIAL COUNCIL**

JAN 26 2021

CIRCUIT EXECUTIVE

**IN RE: COMPLAINT OF JUDICIAL
MISCONDUCT OR DISABILITY**

ON PETITION FOR REVIEW*

Before: ROSENBAUM, NEWSOM, GRANT, and LUCK, Circuit Judges;
MOORE, THRASH, CORRIGAN, COOGLER, DuBOSE, HALL, TREADWELL,
WALKER, and MARKS, Chief District Judges.

Upon consideration of the petitioner's complaint by a review panel consisting of Judges Rosenbaum, Grant, Luck, Coogler, and Walker, the order of Chief Judge William H. Pryor Jr., filed on 14 October 2020, and of the petition for review filed by the complainant on 3 November 2020, with no non-disqualified judge on the Judicial Council Review Panel having requested that this matter be placed on the agenda of a meeting of the Judicial Council,

The Judicial Council Review Panel hereby determines that the disposition of this matter was proper and said disposition is hereby **AFFIRMED**.

The foregoing actions are **APPROVED**.

FOR THE JUDICIAL COUNCIL:

s/Robin S. Rosenbaum
United States Circuit Judge

* Chief Circuit Judge William H. Pryor Jr. and Circuit Judges Charles R. Wilson, Beverly B. Martin, Adalberto Jordan, Jill Pryor, and Elizabeth L. Branch did not take part in the review of this petition.

CONFIDENTIAL

BEFORE THE CHIEF JUDGE
OF THE ELEVENTH JUDICIAL CIRCUIT

Judicial Complaint No. 11-20-90075

FILED
U.S. COURT OF APPEALS
ELEVENTH CIRCUIT

OCT 14 2020

David J. Smith
Clerk

IN THE MATTER OF A COMPLAINT FILED BY _____

IN RE: The Complaint of _____ against United States District Judge
_____ of the United States District Court for the _____ District of
_____, under the Judicial Conduct and Disability Act of 1980, Chapter 16 of
Title 28 U.S.C. §§ 351-364.

ORDER

_____ (“Complainant”) has filed this Complaint against United States District Judge _____ (the “Subject Judge”), pursuant to Chapter 16 of Title 28 U.S.C. § 351(a) and the Rules for Judicial-Conduct and Judicial-Disability Proceedings of the Judicial Conference of the United States (“JCDR”).

As an initial matter, after Complainant filed his Complaint, he filed a supplemental statement. The filing of the supplemental statement is permitted. See 11th Cir. JCDR 6.7.

Background

The record shows that in May 2020 Complainant filed a civil action against one defendant and an “Affidavit of Financial Statement” in which he stated he did not possess any gold or silver coins. The next month, the Subject Judge entered an order requiring Complainant to file an application to proceed in forma pauperis (IFP). After that, Complainant filed a notice of appeal and other documents. In July 2020 this Court clerically dismissed the appeal for want of prosecution. In August 2020 the Subject Judge entered an order stating the matter was before her on a sua sponte review of the record and dismissing the case without prejudice due to Complainant’s failure to pay the filing fee and to comply with the court’s order.

Complaint

In his Complaint of Judicial Misconduct or Disability, Complainant asserts the Subject Judge violated his human rights by denying him leave to proceed IFP in the case and misrepresented that his Affidavit of Financial Statement was submitted sua sponte. He also alleges that “[s]omeone” tampered with his filings, that the Subject Judge’s demand for a financial statement was unconstitutional, and that the Subject Judge

committed, among other things, “Perjury of Oath.” He attached documents to his Complaint.

Supplement

In Complainant’s supplemental statement, entitled “Writ of Discovery Revised,” he demands certain documents from the Subject Judge.

Discussion

Rule 4(b)(1) of the Rules for Judicial-Conduct and Judicial-Disability Proceedings of the Judicial Conference of the United States, “Allegations Related to the Merits of a Decision or Procedural Ruling,” provides in part that “[c]ognizable misconduct does not include an allegation that calls into question the correctness of a judge’s ruling, including a failure to recuse.” The “Commentary on Rule 4” states in part:

Rule 4(b)(1) tracks the Act, 28 U.S.C. § 352(b)(1)(A)(ii), in excluding from the definition of misconduct allegations “[d]irectly related to the merits of a decision or procedural ruling.” This exclusion preserves the independence of judges in the exercise of judicial authority by ensuring that the complaint procedure is not used to collaterally call into question the substance of a judge’s decision or procedural ruling. Any allegation that calls into question the correctness of an official decision or procedural ruling of a judge — without more — is merits-related.

To the extent Complainant’s allegations concern the substance of the Subject Judge’s official actions, findings, rulings, and orders in Complainant’s case, the allegations are directly related to the merits of the Subject Judge’s decisions or procedural rulings. Apart from the decisions or procedural rulings that Complainant challenges, he provides no credible facts or evidence in support of his claims that the Subject Judge violated her oath of office or otherwise engaged in misconduct.

The allegations of this Complaint are “directly related to the merits of a decision or procedural ruling,” JCDR 11(c)(1)(B), and the Complaint “is based on allegations lacking sufficient evidence to raise an inference that misconduct has occurred or that a disability exists,” JCDR 11(c)(1)(D). For those reasons, pursuant to Chapter 16 of Title 28 U.S.C. § 352(b)(1)(A)(ii) and (iii), and Rule 11(c)(1)(B) and (D) of the Rules for Judicial-Conduct and Judicial-Disability Proceedings of the Judicial Conference of the United States, this Complaint is **DISMISSED**.

/s/ William H. Pryor Jr.

Chief Judge