FOR THE JUDICIAL COUNCIL OF THE ELEVENTH CIRCUIT

11-19-90027

FILED ELEVENTH CIRCUIT JUDICIAL COUNCIL

OCT 23 2019

CIRCUIT EXECUTIVE

IN RE: COMPLAINT OF JUDICIAL MISCONDUCT OR DISABILITY

ON PETITION FOR REVIEW*

Before: TJOFLAT, MARCUS, WILSON, WILLIAM PRYOR, MARTIN, JORDÁN, ROSENBAUM, JILL PRYOR, and NEWSOM, Circuit Judges; MOORE, MERRYDAY, THRASH, BOWDRE, LAND, DuBOSE, HALL, WALKER, and MARKS, Chief District Judges.

Upon consideration of the petitioner's complaint by a review panel consisting of Judges Tjoflat, Wilson, William Pryor, Land, and Walker, the order of Chief Judge Ed Carnes, filed on 14 August 2019, and of the petition for review filed by the complainant on 29 August 2019, with no non-disqualified judge on the Judicial Council Review Panel having requested that this matter be placed on the agenda of a meeting of the Judicial Council,

The Judicial Council Review Panel hereby determines that the disposition of this matter was proper and said disposition is hereby AFFIRMED.

The foregoing actions are APPROVED.

FOR THE JUDICIAL COUNCIL:

* Chief Circuit Judge Ed Carnes did not take part in the review of this petition.

FOR THE JUDICIAL COUNCIL OF THE ELEVENTH CIRCUIT

11-19-90028

FILED ELEVENTH CIRCUIT JUDICIAL COUNCIL

OCT 2 3 2019

CIRCUIT EXECUTIVE

IN RE: COMPLAINT OF JUDICIAL MISCONDUCT OR DISABILITY

ON PETITION FOR REVIEW*

Before: TJOFLAT, MARCUS, WILSON, WILLIAM PRYOR, MARTIN, JORDÁN, ROSENBAUM, JILL PRYOR, and NEWSOM, Circuit Judges; MOORE, MERRYDAY, THRASH, BOWDRE, LAND, DuBOSE, HALL, WALKER, and MARKS, Chief District Judges.

Upon consideration of the petitioner's complaint by a review panel consisting of Judges Tjoflat, Wilson, William Pryor, Land, and Walker, the order of Chief Judge Ed Carnes, filed on 14 August 2019, and of the petition for review filed by the complainant on 29 August 2019, with no non-disqualified judge on the Judicial Council Review Panel having requested that this matter be placed on the agenda of a meeting of the Judicial Council,

The Judicial Council Review Panel hereby determines that the disposition of this matter was proper and said disposition is hereby AFFIRMED.

The foregoing actions are APPROVED.

FOR THE JUDICIAL COUNCIL:

* Chief Circuit Judge Ed Carnes did not take part in the review of this petition.

FILED
U.S. COURT OF APPEALS
ELEVENTH CIRCUIT

AUG 1'4 2019

CONFIDENTIAL

David J. Smith Clerk

BEFORE THE CHIEF JUDGE OF THE ELEVENTH JUDICIAL CIRCUIT

Judicial Complaint Nos. 11-19-90027 and 11-19-90028

IN THE MATTER OF A COMPLAINT FILED BY	
IN RE: The Complaint of against former United States Magistrate Judge and United States District Judge of the United State District Court for the District of, under the Judicial Conduct and Disability Act of 1980, Chapter 16 of Title 28 U.S.C. §§ 351-364.	
ORDER	
("Complainant") has filed this Complaint against former United States Magistrate Judge and United States District Judge (collectively, "the Subject Judges"), pursuant to Chapter 16 of Title 28 U.S.C. § 351(a) and the Rules for Judicial-Conduct and Judicial-Disability Proceedings of the Judicial Conference of the United States ("JCDR"). Judge retired as a magistrate judge as of	
The record shows that in February 2018 Complainant filed in the United States District Court for the District of a petition for writ of habeas corpus challenging certain state court proceedings, and he stated that the petition was filed pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 2241. The next month, a district judge ordered that the cas be transferred to the United States District Court for the District of because that was where Complainant was convicted and where the records	
In April 2018 Judge issued a report taking judicial notice of certain state court judicial records, finding that the habeas petition was a successive § 2254 petition and recommending that it be dismissed for lack of jurisdiction as an	
unauthorized successive petition. Over Complainant's objections, Judge adopted the report and recommendation and denied the § 2254 petition. Complainant then filed multiple motions and petitions seeking various types of relief, which Judge denied. Complainant appealed, and in February 2019 the appeal was clerically dismissed for want of prosecution.	

Complaint

In his Complaint of Judicial Misconduct or Disability, Complainant states that it is reasonable to infer that during his case a "presumption of judicial bias arose" due to the Subject Judges' "disqualifying interest in the case and/or outcome of the same." Complainant complains that Judge construed the § 2241 petition as a § 2254 petition and "personally went on-line" to obtain docket entries and make them part of the record. He states that Judge adopted Judge report and recommendation "which resulted in bias because she failed to accord de novo review by failing to address the underlying claim" in the petition. Complainant asserts that it appears Judge "turned a blind eye to the high misdemeanor of [Judge] violation of" 28 U.S.C. § 454 (Practice of law by justices and judges) "where the plainly abandoned 'neutrality' to render service peculiar to the profession"
Complainant contends that it is reasonable to infer that Judge
Discussion
Judge
Rule 11(e) of the Rules for Judicial-Conduct and Judicial-Disability Proceedings of the Judicial Conference of the United States provides, "The chief judge may conclude a complaint proceeding in whole or in part upon determining that intervening events render some or all of the allegations moot or make remedial action impossible as to the subject judge." With respect to that rule, the "Commentary on Rule 11" states in part, "Rule 11(e) implements Section 352(b)(2) of the Act, which permits the chief judge to 'conclude the proceeding,' if 'action on the complaint is no longer necessary because of intervening events,' such as a resignation from judicial office."
To the extent the Complaint concerns Judge, in light of his retirement "intervening events render some or all of the allegations moot or make remedial action impossible" ICDR 11(e). For that reason, pursuant to Chapter 16 of Title 28 U.S.C.

§ 352(b)(2) and Rule 11(e) of the Rules for Judicial-Conduct and Judicial-Disability Proceedings of the Judicial Conference of the United States, this Complaint proceeding is CONCLUDED to the extent it concerns Judge The conclusion of this proceeding in no way implies that there is any merit to Complainant's allegations against Judge
<u>Judge</u>
Rule 4(b)(1) of the Rules for Judicial-Conduct and Judicial-Disability Proceedings of the Judicial Conference of the United States, "Allegations Related to the Merits of a Decision or Procedural Ruling," provides in part that "[c]ognizable misconduct does not include an allegation that calls into question the correctness of a judge's ruling, including a failure to recuse." The "Commentary on Rule 4" states in part:
Rule 4(b)(1) tracks the Act, 28 U.S.C. § 352(b)(1)(A)(ii), in excluding from the definition of misconduct allegations "[d]irectly related to the merits of a decision or procedural ruling." This exclusion preserves the independence of judges in the exercise of judicial authority by ensuring that the complaint procedure is not used to collaterally call into question the substance of a judge's decision or procedural ruling. Any allegation that calls into question the correctness of an official decision or procedural ruling of a judge — without more — is merits-related.
To the extent Complainant's allegations concern the substance of Judge official actions, findings, and orders in the case, the allegations are directly related to the merits of Judge decisions or procedural rulings. Apart from the decisions or procedural rulings that Complainant challenges, he provides no credible facts or evidence in support of his claims that Judge was biased, committed a crime, suffered from a disability, or otherwise engaged in misconduct.
Therefore, to the extent the Complaint concerns Judge, the allegations of this Complaint are "directly related to the merits of a decision or procedural ruling," JCDR 11(c)(1)(B), and the Complaint "is based on allegations lacking sufficient evidence to raise an inference that misconduct has occurred or that a disability exists," JCDR 11(c)(1)(D). For those reasons, pursuant to Chapter 16 of Title 28 U.S.C. § 352(b)(1)(A)(ii) and (iii), and Rule 11(c)(1)(B) and (D) of the Rules for Judicial-Conduct and Judicial-Disability Proceedings of the Judicial Conference of the United States, this Complaint is DISMISSED to the extent it concerns Judge
Manie
Chief Judge