## FOR THE JUDICIAL COUNCIL OF THE ELEVENTH CIRCUIT

11-19-90015

FILED
ELEVENTH CIRCUIT
JUDICIAL COUNCIL

AUG 23 2019

CIRCUIT EXECUTIVE

IN RE: COMPLAINT OF JUDICIAL MISCONDUCT OR DISABILITY

ON PETITION FOR REVIEW\*

Before: WILLIAM PRYOR, MARTIN, JORDÁN, ROSENBAUM, JILL PRYOR, and NEWSOM, Circuit Judges; MOORE, MERRYDAY, THRASH, BOWDRE, DuBOSE, HALL, WALKER, and MARKS, Chief District Judges.

Upon consideration of the petitioner's complaint by a review panel consisting of Judges William Pryor, Martin, Jill Pryor, DuBose, and Walker, the order of Acting Chief Judge Charles R. Wilson, filed on 22 May 2019, and of the petition for review filed by the complainant on 17 June 2019, with no non-disqualified judge on the Judicial Council Review Panel having requested that this matter be placed on the agenda of a meeting of the Judicial Council,

The Judicial Council Review Panel hereby determines that the disposition of this matter was proper and said disposition is hereby AFFIRMED.

The foregoing actions are APPROVED.

FOR THE JUDICIAL COUNCIL:

United States Circuit Judge

\* Chief Circuit Judge Ed Carnes, Circuit Judge Gerald Bard Tjoflat, Circuit Judge Stanley Marcus, Circuit Judge Charles R. Wilson, and Chief District Judge Clay D. Land did not take part in the review of this petition.

## CONFIDENTIAL

## BEFORE THE ACTING CHIEF JUDGE OF THE ELEVENTH JUDICIAL CIRCUIT

FILED
U.S. COURT OF APPEALS
ELEVENTH CIRCUIT
MAY 2 2 2019
David J. Smith
Clerk

Judicial Complaint No. 11-19-90015

IN THE MATTER OF A COMPLAINT FILED BY
IN RE: The Complaint of against, U.S. Circuit Judge for
the U.S. Court of Appeals for the Circuit, under the Judicial Conduct
and Disability Act of 1980, Chapter 16 of Title 28 U.S.C. §§ 351-364.
ORDER
("Complainant") has filed this Complaint against United States Circuit Judge (the "Subject Judge"), pursuant to Chapter 16 of Title 28 U.S.C. § 351(a) and the Rules for Judicial-Conduct and Judicial-Disability Proceedings of the Judicial Conference of the United States ("JCDR").
Background
The record shows that Complainant previously filed Complaints of Judicial Misconduct or Disability against multiple federal judges. In January 2019 the Subject Judge, in his role as, concluded one Complaint due to intervening events and dismissed the remaining Complaints as merits-related and/or lacking sufficient evidence. In May 2019 the Judicial Council Review Panel affirmed the disposition of those Complaints.
Complaint
In her Complaint of Judicial Misconduct or Disability, Complainant takes issue with the Subject Judge's orders concluding or dismissing her previous Complaints of Judicial Misconduct or Disability. She asserts her Complaints "were not investigated nor evaluated under the Canon Rules," and that the Subject Judge "did not address" certain issues. She then takes issue with the actions of the judges named in her previous

## **Discussion**

Rule 4(b)(1) of the Rules for Judicial-Conduct and Judicial-Disability Proceedings of the Judicial Conference of the United States, "Allegations Related to the Merits of a Decision or Procedural Ruling," provides in part that "[c]ognizable misconduct does not

Complaints, and states that the Subject Judge "agree[d]" with the allegedly improper

actions of those judges. Finally, she asserts that the Subject Judge violated her

constitutional rights, civil rights, and civil liberties.

include an allegation that calls into question the correctness of a judge's ruling, including a failure to recuse." The "Commentary on Rule 4" states in part:

Rule 4(b)(1) tracks the Act, 28 U.S.C. § 352(b)(1)(A)(ii), in excluding from the definition of misconduct allegations "[d]irectly related to the merits of a decision or procedural ruling." This exclusion preserves the independence of judges in the exercise of judicial authority by ensuring that the complaint procedure is not used to collaterally call into question the substance of a judge's decision or procedural ruling. Any allegation that calls into question the correctness of an official decision or procedural ruling of a judge — without more — is merits-related.

In addition, the "Commentary on Rule 4" provides:

The phrase "decision or procedural ruling" is not limited to rulings issued in deciding Article III cases or controversies. Thus, a complaint challenging the correctness of a chief judge's determination to dismiss a prior misconduct complaint would be properly dismissed as merits-related — in other words, as challenging the substance of the judge's administrative determination to dismiss the complaint — even though it does not concern the judge's rulings in Article III litigation.

To the extent Complainant's allegations concern the substance of the Subject Judge's orders concluding or dismissing her previous Complaints of Judicial Misconduct or Disability, the allegations are directly related to the merits of the Subject Judge's decisions or procedural rulings. Apart from the decisions or procedural rulings that Complainant challenges, she provides no credible facts or evidence in support of her claims that the Subject Judge engaged in misconduct.

The allegations of this Complaint are "directly related to the merits of a decision or procedural ruling," JCDR 11(c)(1)(B), and the Complaint "is based on allegations lacking sufficient evidence to raise an inference that misconduct has occurred or that a disability exists," JCDR 11(c)(1)(D). For those reasons, pursuant to Chapter 16 of Title 28 U.S.C. § 352(b)(1)(A)(ii) and (iii), and Rule 11(c)(1)(B) and (D) of the Rules for Judicial-Conduct and Judicial-Disability Proceedings of the Judicial Conference of the United States, this Complaint is **DISMISSED**.

Acting Chief Judge