CONFIDENTIAL

BEFORE THE CHIEF JUDGE OF THE ELEVENTH JUDICIAL CIRCUIT

FILED U.S. COURT OF APPEALS ELEVENTH CIRCUIT

AUG 1 0 2015

DOUGLAS J. MINCHER CLERK

Judicial Complaint No. 11-15-90066

IN THE MATTER OF A COMPLAINT FILED BY		
IN RE: The Complaint of	against	, U.S. District Judge for
the U.S. District Court for the	District of	, under the Judicial
Conduct and Disability Act of 19	80, Chapter 16 of Tit	le 28 U.S.C. §§ 351-364.
	ORDER	
("Complainant") has		
District Judge (the "Subject Judge"), pursuant to Chapter 16 of Title 28 U.S.C. § 351(a) and the Rules for Judicial-Conduct and Judicial-Disability Proceedings of		
the Judicial Conference of the United St		iai-Disability i roccounigs of
Background		
The record shows that in January	2014 Complainant fi	led a complaint against two

The record shows that in January 2014 Complainant filed a complaint against two defendants, and he moved for leave to proceed in forma pauperis (IFP). In April 2014 a magistrate judge granted the motion to proceed IFP and directed the clerk to submit the complaint to the district court for review under 28 U.S.C. § 1915(e)(2)(B). After that, Complainant paid the filing fee, and the Subject Judge entered an order noting that no frivolity review was needed in light of the payment.

The defendants then filed motions to dismiss the complaint. In October 2014 the Subject Judge granted the motions to dismiss, finding that Complainant had failed to allege facts showing that he was entitled to relief, and a judgment was entered dismissing the case. This Court clerically dismissed Complainant's appeal for want of prosecution. Complainant also filed four "Motions to Proceed," which the Subject Judge denied.

Complaint

In his Complaint of Judicial Misconduct or Disability, Complainant appears to allege that the Subject Judge engaged in misconduct by allowing "the clerk [to] dismiss" the case before properly reviewing it and by putting the case on the "back burner." Without explanation, Complaint lists "bribery" and "mood swing" as instances of the Subject Judge's alleged "willful misconduct in office." Complainant asserts that the Subject Judge willfully and persistently failed to perform her duties and that she was

"almost never" in the courtroom. He complains that the Subject Judge "pass[ed] the case back and forth." He also asserts that the Subject Judge exhibited "habitual intempera[n]ce," and suffered from an unspecified disability.

Discussion

Rule 3(h)(3)(A) of the Rules for Judicial-Conduct and Judicial-Disability Proceedings of the Judicial Conference of the United States provides that cognizable misconduct does not include "an allegation that is directly related to the merits of a decision or procedural ruling." The Rule provides that "[a]n allegation that calls into question the correctness of a judge's ruling, including a failure to recuse, without more, is merits-related." <u>Id.</u> The "Commentary on Rule 3" states in part:

Rule 3(h)(3)(A) tracks the Act, 28 U.S.C. § 352(b)(1)(A)(ii), in excluding from the definition of misconduct allegations "[d]irectly related to the merits of a decision or procedural ruling." This exclusion preserves the independence of judges in the exercise of judicial power by ensuring that the complaint procedure is not used to collaterally attack the substance of a judge's ruling. Any allegation that calls into question the correctness of an official action of a judge — without more — is merits-related.

To the extent Complainant's allegations concern the substance of the Subject Judge's official actions, findings, and orders entered in the case, the allegations are directly related to the merits of the Subject Judge's decisions or procedural rulings. Apart from the decisions or procedural rulings with which Complainant takes issue, he provides no credible facts or evidence in support of his claims that the Subject Judge engaged in misconduct or suffered from a disability.

The allegations of this Complaint are "directly related to the merits of a decision or procedural ruling," JCDR 11(c)(1)(B), and the Complaint "is based on allegations lacking sufficient evidence to raise an inference that misconduct has occurred or that a disability exists," JCDR 11(c)(1)(D). For those reasons, pursuant to Chapter 16 of Title 28 U.S.C. § 352(b)(1)(A)(ii) and (iii), and Rule 11(c)(1)(B) and (D) of the Rules for Judicial-Conduct and Judicial-Disability Proceedings of the Judicial Conference of the United States, this Complaint is **DISMISSED**.

Chief Judge